

AFA – Inglês – 1998

Instructions for questions 1 to 32.

Mark the alternative which best answers the item.

1. Jane took the book although she knew it was _____ and she left it an hour ago with a friend of _____.
 a) mine / hers
 b) my own / her
 c) my / his own
 d) me own's / hers own
2. They intended to keep all the money for _____ Jack _____ gave me this information. What is going to happen to _____ now ?
 a) they / his own / ours
 b) themselves / himself / us
 c) theirselves / himself / we
 d) they own / by him / ourselves
3. She _____ by the end of the next year, when I _____ to Europe.
 a) will have graduating / travel
 b) will be graduating / will be traveling
 c) will can be graduating / am traveling
 d) had been graduating / had already traveled
4. _____ you survive in that forest ?
 I had a survival course three years ago so I knew how to get food.
 a) How did
 b) Why didn't
 c) What can
 d) Who could
5. You _____ say such bad things about your parents.
 a) could to
 b) have got
 c) shouldn't
 d) don't ought to
6. I - _____ the boys pass or they fail.
 II - _____ being run over many times, he became more careful.
 III - The dog _____ barks does not usually bite.
 IV - She joined a military academy _____ become an officer.
 a) Whether / Which / after / either
 b) Either / After / which / in order to
 c) After / Either / in order to / which
 d) Which / Before / after / in order to
7. The airplane will land _____ half an hour.
 a) by off
 b) at here
 c) through
 d) in about
8. England and France have had powerful military forces but the United States has _____ powerful forces of them.
 a) more
 b) the most
 c) many more
 d) much more
9. A house-breaker could easily go into that building because of _____ windows were broken, but he might have hurt _____. The police could see blood on the ground. They are going to find out what has happened to _____.
 a) his / itself / his
 b) their / itself / it
 c) my / myself / it
 d) its / himself / him
10. Michael played the piano _____ when he was _____. Now he stopped practicing.
 a) better / younger
 b) very well / newest
 c) well / more young
 d) more right / more young
11. He could play tennis very well but today he doesn't play it _____ he used to
 a) as often as
 b) more often as
 c) more frequently
 d) the most frequently that
12. I like that teacher. He explains things very _____.
 a) slow
 b) easy
 c) clearly
 d) intelligent
13. He _____ smoke a lot but he stopped because he was running a big risk.
 a) has
 b) loves
 c) hates
 d) used to

14. Robert never had an accident though he drives very _____.

- a) fast
- b) slow
- c) carefully
- d) cautious

15. Cabral _____ Brazil many years ago and his discovery opened new gates for Portugal, _____?

- a) discovered / didn't it
- b) has discovered / did it
- c) had discovered / didn't him
- d) has been discovered / did they

16. We can't do without him, _____?

- a) can us
- b) can we
- c) can ours
- d) can't he

17. By the time we got to the cinema, the movie _____ already _____.

- a) had / started
- b) has / started
- c) didn't / started
- d) would / started

18. If he likes that van, he _____ buy it or he _____ never take that long trip.

- a) will / will
- b) could / had
- c) would / would
- d) can / wouldn't

19. If I had _____ harder, I _____ have _____ the Math test.

- a) studied / would / fail
- b) study / would / passed
- c) study / wouldn't / failed
- d) studied / wouldn't / failed

20. The old lady looks for _____ can give her minute of attention.

- a) whoever
- b) whatever
- c) wherever
- d) whichever

21. Bob's opponent was hitting him hard but Bob didn't _____. He was sure of _____ his own record.

- a) take in / get over
- b) break up / giving up
- c) give up / breaking up
- d) take back / get through

22. _____ man I don't know has called you but didn't leave any message. _____ man just told me he'd call again during _____ week.

- a) An / A / an
- b) A / The / the
- c) The / A / the
- d) The / The / a

23. How do you write the numbers **1572** and **339** in full?

- a) one thousand and fifty two ; three thousand thirty nine
- b) one hundred thousand five hundred seventy two ; three and thirty nine
- c) one thousand five hundred and seventy two ; three hundred and thirty nine
- d) one thousand five hundred seventeen two ; three hundred and thirteen nine

24. _____ he _____ studied _____ have _____ his examination.

- a) If / hasn't / would / pass
- b) If / had / wouldn't / passed
- c) If / hadn't / wouldn't / passed
- d) When / had / wouldn't / pass

25. You should have called to say you'd be late. I _____ but there was nobody home.

- a) did call
- b) tried call
- c) can't call
- d) try phone

26. The victim _____ walking along the bridge with a tall man.

- a) has seen
- b) was seen
- c) didn't see
- d) wasn't seeing

27. The sentence Joe asked what I was doing there so late. can be equivalent to the following direct speech:

- a) Why are you here so late?
- b) Why are you there so late?
- c) What have you been doing?
- d) What are you doing here so late?

28. I _____ ten days in Europe in my last vacation and I _____ it was wonderful.

- a) spend / think
- b) spent / thought
- c) had spend / thought
- d) spent / have thought

29. - I can't lend you my car this weekend.
- What did he say ?
- He _____ this weekend.

- a) said he can't lend you my car
- b) said he cannot lend you his car
- c) said you he can't lend you his car
- d) told us he cannot lend you my car

30. Jennifer, _____, didn't do a good job but the _____ was very well in that movie.

- a) the actress / artist
- b) the actress / author
- c) the actress / actor
- d) the actress / actor

31. Unknown to her parents, Daisy was at a Christmas party at the office last night. She hadn't come back home until 4 a.m. There was a telephone set in the office, so _____.

- a) She can hardly phone them tonight
- b) She will probably phone them later on
- c) She should have forgotten going back home
- d) She could have phoned that she was going to be late

32. Which sentence is correct ?

- a) Never I have heard your name.
Not once he did mention it.
- b) I have heard your name never.
Did not once he mention it.
- c) I have never heard your name.
Once not he did mention it.
- d) Never have I heard your name.
Not once did he mention it.

Instructions for questions 33 to 35.

Read these sentences and choose the right alternative.

33. I - Jane traveled to San Francisco by train last January.
II - Jane traveled by train to San Francisco last January.
III - Last January Jane traveled to San Francisco by train.
IV - To San Francisco Jane traveled by train last January.

- a) Only sentence II is wrong.
- b) Sentences I and III are correct.

- c) Sentences II and IV are correct.
- d) Sentences III and IV are correct.

34. I - From 8 to 10 p.m. frequently Robert studies.
II - Robert frequently studies from 8 to 10 p.m.
III - Robert frequently from 8 to 10 p.m. studies.
IV - Robert studies frequently from 8 to 10 p.m.

- a) Only sentence I is correct.
- b) Only sentence II is correct.
- c) Only sentence III is wrong.
- d) Sentences III and IV are correct.

35. I - My brother were sent to a new station by the commander.
II - Scarlet was promised a new computer for Christmas.
III - All the students must be told that the new teacher is to arrive in an hour
IV - Great ! Where the doctor has being gone all those weeks !

- a) I and II are correct.
- b) I and III are correct.
- c) I and IV are correct.
- d) II and III are correct.

Instructions for questions 36 to 40.

Read the text below and choose the best alternative to complete the statement.

THE KHMER ROUGE IS MOVING DEEPER INSIDE CAMBODIA - BUT IT IS NOT ABOUT TO TAKE POWER

You don't have to travel far from Phnom Penh to see the war. Early one morning last month Khmer Rouge guerrillas attacked the well-defended town of Phnom Sruoch - just 70 kilometers from the Cambodian capital. Some 250 rebel soldiers opened fire with automatic weapons and B-40 rockets on the town's market, health clinic and military and administrative offices. Phnom Sruoch is not an easy target: a government armored regiment is based nearby, as is one of its key infantry and tank-training camps. Nevertheless, the Khmer Rouge force was able to hit it along a kilometer-long front for 40 minutes before it was driven off by the district's defenders. Only two people were killed, but the rebels overran the clinic and carried all the medicine away.

The gunfight at Phnom Sruoch demonstrated the Khmer Rouge's growing courage - and its increasing ability to attack near the center of the government supported by the Vietnamese. Khmer Rouge fighters - still under the command of Pol Pot, whose government the Vietnamese extinguished in 1979 - don't intend to take power. Yet in the 11 months since Hanoi moved the bulk of its combat forces and military advisers out, the Khmer Rouge has gone deeper and deeper inside the country. The guerrillas have taken several thousand kilometers along the Thai border and now have two new strategically located targets: Kampong Spew and Kampong Thom.

36. The guerrillas have _____

- a)** lost some battles
- b)** been losing for 11 months
- c)** shown courage of its Air Force
- d)** been having important victories

37. Kampong Spew and Kampong Thom are two _____

- a)** guerrillas' bases
- b)** guerrillas' commanders
- c)** towns the soldiers attacked
- d)** towns the guerrillas intend to attack

38. Phnom Sruoch's market, health clinic and military and administrative offices were _____

- a)** targets hit by the guerrillas
- b)** burned one morning last month
- c)** Phnom Sruoch's defense forces
- d)** a difficult target for the Cambodians

39. Because of the two hundred and fifty soldiers' attack, Phnom Sruoch's inhabitants may have _____

- a)** to run over the clinic again
- b)** serious health assistance problems
- c)** made the people lose their courage
- d)** more attacks by the district's defenders

40. We could observe that the Khmer Rouge's men _____

- a)** moved the bulk of its forces
- b)** have no intention to take power
- c)** command the Vietnamese Forces
- d)** set fire on Cambodian automatic weapons